

While the appeal of the idea of internationalization of the curriculum appears ubiquitous it is not always clear what it means and how it might represent a new way of prioritizing and organizing learning (Rizvi and Lingard, 2010, p. 173)

#### Outline

- Rationale for and definition of internationalisation of the curriculum
- Four institutional challenges
- Possible responses
- With examples

#### Rationale for IoC

- All students will live and work, as graduates, in an increasingly interconnected globalised world
  - As professionals economic beings
  - As citizens social and human beings
- Solving the big problems of the world will require:
  - international and intercultural knowledge
  - intercultural communication skills and critical thinking
  - a commitment to ethical practice, global responsibility, local action

#### IoC today is pervasive and evasive

#### A global phenomenon

- Part of university strategy across the world
  Impossible to describe in simple terms
- Interpreted and enacted differently in different regional, national, institutional and disciplinary contexts
- related concepts curriculum, cognitive justice, global citizenship, intercultural competence, laH

### Four institutional challenges

- 1. Different understandings about what IoC means, why it's important, how to achieve it.
- 2. We know that IoC is important for all students but we are a long way from achieving this.
- 3. IoC will look different in different disciplines but we can't get academic staff to engage.
- 4. Students and staff from different cultural and linguistic backgrounds don't work well together.

### Institutional challenge #1

Different understandings about what IoC means, why it's important, how to achieve it.

### Possible responses

Adopt a definition and rationale for IoC and provoke conversations about:

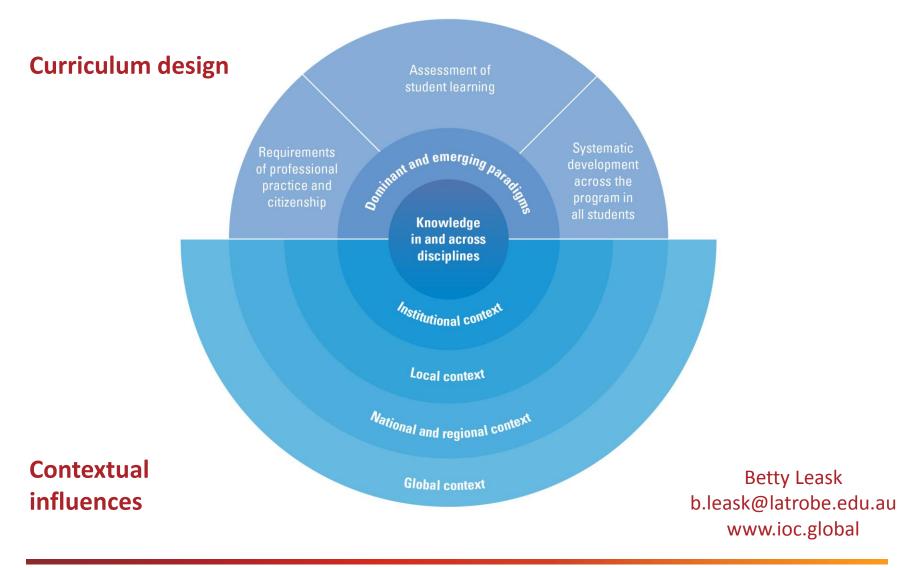
- The implications of the definition and rationale for all staff and students
- Why it's important to students and staff
- Why IoC is context dependent and will mean different things for the work of different groups

### Internationalisation of the Curriculum (IoC)

- the incorporation of international, intercultural and global dimensions into the content of the curriculum as well as the learning outcomes, assessment tasks, teaching methods and support services of a program of study
- Focused on assuring international/intercultural learning outcomes for all students
- Curriculum content, pedagogy, assessment, services
- Formal and informal curriculum

(Leask 2015)

# A conceptual framework of internationalisation of the curriculum



#### Content

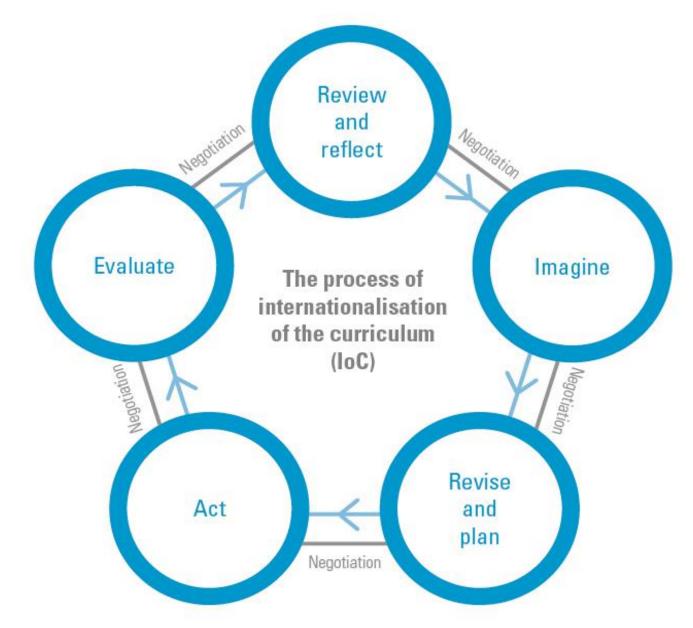
- Content (that) does not arise out of a single cultural base but engages with global plurality in terms of sources of knowledge
- Students explore how knowledge is produced, distributed and utilized globally
- Students develop an understanding of the global nature of scientific, economic, political and cultural exchange' (Webb 2005)

### Institutional challenge #2

We know that IoC is important for all students but we are a long way from achieving this.

### Possible Responses

- Don't make mobility the main focus of your loC strategy.
- Focus on learning outcomes at program and course level not inputs.
- Encourage and recognise innovation.
- Connect IoC in formal and informal curriculum
- Approach IoC in formal curriculum as a design and improvement process.



# Institutional challenge #3

We know that IoC will look different in different disciplines but we can't get academic staff to engage.

#### Possible Responses

- Support distributed leadership of IoC in programs and courses.
- Attend to the 'internationalisation of the academic self'.
- Connect with other institutional agendas e.g. research, digital learning, employability.
- Evaluate impact of innovations and disseminate through CoP.
- Fund IoC change and innovation projects.

# Global Citizenship – what do our academics think?



An institution- wide, cross-disciplinary project involving cycles of data gathering, reflection, and action.

"The managerial top down process has been disempowering. . . the university's big challenge is to remove levels of gate-keeping and simplify processes...allow subject coordinators to be creative"

"I'm not interested in teaching my students to be agile players in the global marketplace..."

"[I don't like] the term citizenship. . . it tends to be associated with nationalism. . . But yes, Universities have a big responsibility to get students thinking about their moral and ethical responsibilities as people"

"[The curriculum should] mess with the way students see the world and their place in it."

### What have we gained from this project?

- engaging academics in reflective conversations about global citizenship
- opening up possibilities for them to 'reclaim and re-shape the GC agenda' - moving them beyond 'indignation' concerning top down policy
- enabling a scholarly cross-disciplinary collaboration on IoC as a means of preparing graduates as global citizens.

# Institutional challenge #4

Students and staff from different cultural and linguistic backgrounds don't work well together.

### Possible Responses

- Look at what others have done to address this in both formal and informal curriculum.
- Fund innovation projects focussed on creating a culture of international and intercultural engagement in the *informal curriculum*.
- Demonstrate leadership and commitment to intercultural and international learning as 'the way we do things around here'.

#### Conclusion

Approach internationalisation as a means to support innovation and enhance quality.

- Develop IoC policies and activities inclusive of all students and academic and support staff.
- Involve a range of stakeholders in formulation of international/intercultural learning outcomes.
- Measure impact, rather than input and activities, qualitatively and quantitatively.

### Finally ...

 IoC requires that institutions move beyond simply 'doing more international things' to 'becoming and being' international (de Wit and Leask, 2015)

# Thank you

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